Bright Archipelago: NREB Roadmap for Renewable Energy in the Philippines



ATTY. JOSE M. LAYUG, JR.

Chairman

National Renewable

Energy Board





DISCUSSION OUTLINE

- Background
 - Available RE Resources
 - Power Supply Mix and Energy Resource Production
 - Supply and Demand Outlook
- Legal Framework
 - Biofuels Act of 2006
 - Renewable Energy Act of 2008
- National Renewable Energy Board
- 2010-2016 Updates
 - Feed-in Tariff
 - Other RE Mechanisms
 - RE Contracts
- Next Steps 2016 and beyond...





NATIONAL RENEWABLE ENERGY PROGRAM



BACKGROUND



RENEWABLE ENERGY RESOURCES



- Blomass (bagasse) Potential of 4,449.54 MW*
- Geothermal Resource 1,200 MW
- Solar Energy Average potential 5kWh/m²/day
- Hydropower 10,500 MW
- Ocean energy 170,000 MW
- Wind resources 76,600 MW



USAID and Climate Change and Clean Energy Project Study

PRIMARY ENERGY SUPPLY MIX





Imported Oil, 33.6

Indigenous Energy, 57.51

Imported Coal, 8.6

Imported Ethanol, 0.3

Oil, 2.3

Coal, 8.6

Natural Gas, 7.4

Hydro, 4.8

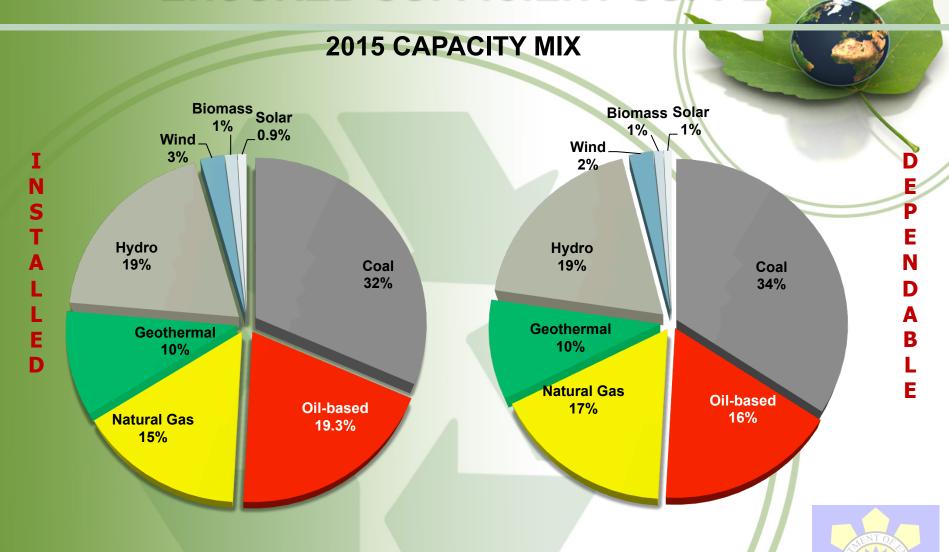
Geothermal, 21

Biomass, 13.1

Wind/Dolar, 0.01

CME/Ethanol, 0.3

ENSURED SUFFICIENT SUPPLY

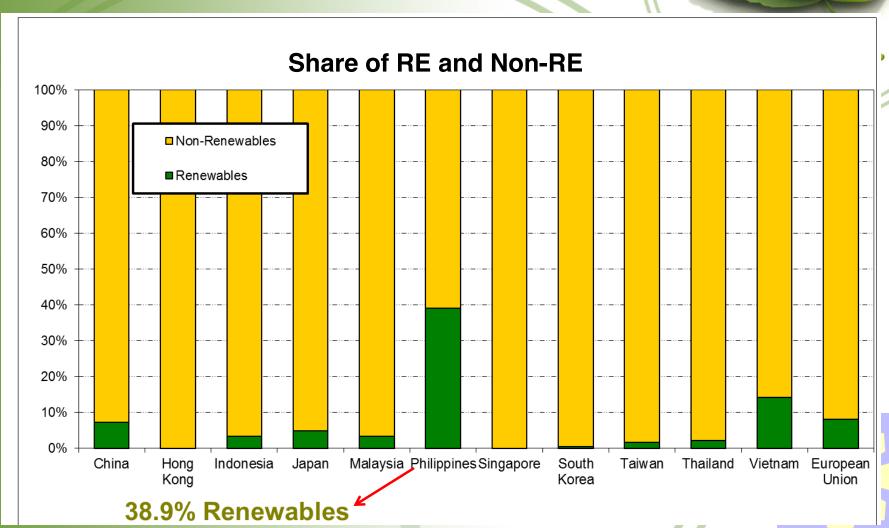


Total Installed Capacity = 18,765 MW RE Share = 34%

Total Dependable Capacity = 16,432 MW RE Share = 32%

COMPARATIVE RE UTILIZATION





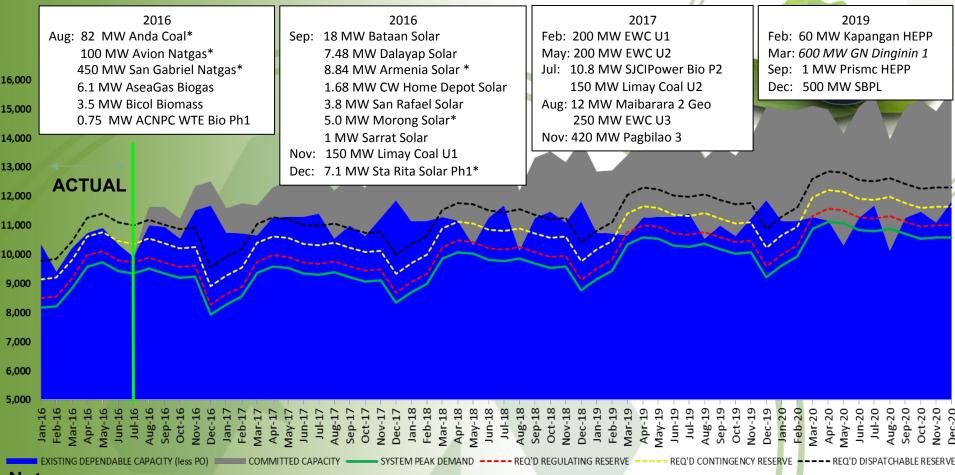
COMPARATIVE ENERGY DATA

| - | 5 | |
|----|---|--|
| (3 | | |
| | | |

| | | | 11 | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Country | Oil Production | Gas Production | Coal Production | RE Target |
| China (coal 70%) | 3.99 mb/d (5 th) | 94 bcm (8 th) | 3,240 Mt (1st) | 30% (2035) |
| Vietnam (coal) | 300 kb/d (35 th) | 9.4 bcm (42 nd) | 44.1 Mt (17 th) | 5% (2020) |
| Thailand (natural gas 66%) | 380 kb/d (32 nd) | 30.8 bcm (25 th) | 17.9 Mt (25 th) | 25% (2021)* (currently 2%) |
| Indonesia (coal and oil) | 1.09 mb/d (21st) | 82.8 bcm (12 th) | 305.9 Mt (6 th) | 25% (2025)* (currently 4%) |
| Malaysia (natural gas 60%) | 693 kb/d (27 th) | 58.6 bcm (16 th) | 78 Mt | 17% (2030)* (currently 5%) |
| Taiwan (nuclear, oil and natural gas) | 276 kb/d (37 th) | 310 m3 (71st) | N/A | 15% (2025)* (currently 8%) |
| India (coal 53%) | 878 kb/d (24 th) | 120 bcm (5 th) | 569.9 Mt (3 rd) | 15.9% (2022) (currently 11%) |
| South Korea (oil, coal and nuclear) | 48 kb/d (65 th) | 532 m3 (66 th) | 3 MMst (short tons) | 10% (2022) |
| PHILIPPINES (coal and gas) | 9 kb/d (85 th) | 3.1 bcm (52 nd) | 7.2 Mt (31st) | 50% (2030) (currently 30%) |



Luzon Demand-Supply Outlook 2016-2020



Notes

- a. Existing Dependable Capacity factoring in planned maintenance schedule based on NGCP GOMP
- b. Committed Capacity based on DOE's List of Power Projects as of 31 July 2016
- c. 8.4 % peak demand growth rate for 2016 based on the DOE's High GDP Demand Forecast.
- d. 5.1 % average peak demand rate for 2017-2020 based on the DOE's High GDP Demand Forecast.
- e. Required Reserve Margin (RM) i.e. 4% regulating reserve and contingency and dispatchable reserve requirement





* On-going testing and commissioning

Visayas Demand-Supply Outlook 2016-2020

Aug: 150 MW PEDC Expansion
Sep: 135 MW Concepcion Coal U1
10 MW Biliran GPP U1
5.67 MWp Miag-ao Solar Power
Project
49.8 MWp Palo Solar Power

Project

Oct: 10 MW Biliran GPP U2 8 MW Calumangan DPP U4

Dec: 60 MW First Toledo Solar Power Project

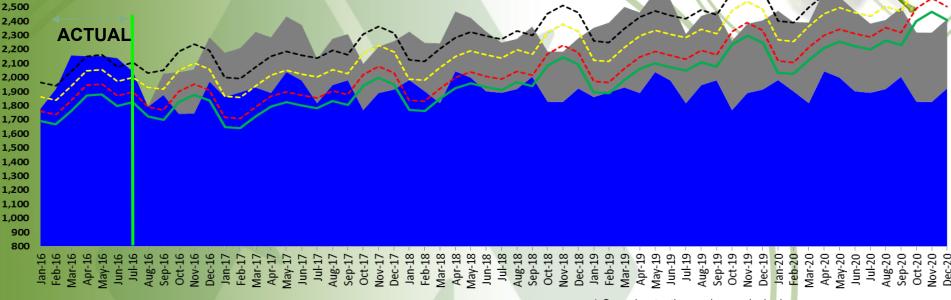
2016

Jun: 5.1 MW Igbulo HEPP 8 MW Cantakoy HEPP Dec: 135 MW Concepcion Coal U2

2018

2017

Jul: 15 MW Biliran GPP U3 Nov: 15 MW Biliran GPP U4



Notes

3,000

2.900

2,800

2,700

2.600

* On-going testing and commissioning

- a. Existing Dependable Capacity factoring in planned maintenance based on NGCP GOMP 2016-2018
- b. Reserve Margin (RM) i.e. 4% regulating reserve and largest online unit for contingency reserve (CR) and dispatchable reserve (DR) requirement (103 MW to increase by 150 MW

for CR and 135 MW for DR in 2016)

- c. Committed Capacity Based on DOE's List of Power Projects as of 31 July 2016
- d. 6.3 % peak demand growth rate for 2016 based on the DOE's High GDP Demand Forecast. 7.3 % average peak demand rate for 2017-2020 based by High GDP Demand





Mindanao Demand-Supply Outlook 2016-2020

2016
Aug:135 MW FDC Coal U1*
150 MW SMC Davao Coal U1*
2.6 MW GEEC Biomass Cogen
1.6 MW PTCI Biomass *

ACTUAL

4,000

2016 Sep: 135 MW FDC Coal U2 135 MW FDC Coal U3 Oct: 10 MW LPC Biomass Nov: 13.94 MW PSI DPP

150 MW SMC Davao Coal U2

Dec: 5.2 MW PSFI DPP

2017

Jan: 55 MW Minergy Coal 1 2.4 MW New Bataan Hydro

Mar: 55 MW Minergy Coal 2 Apr: 10.4 MW PBI DPP

May: 55 MW Minergy Coal 3

Jun:: 43.4 Manolo Fortich 1 HEPP 25.4 Manolo Fortich 2 HEPP

Dec: 25 MW Lake Mainit HEPP

2018

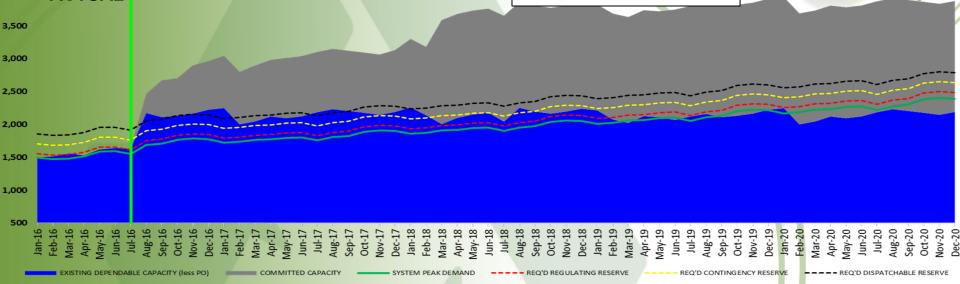
105 MW SEC Coal U2 Mar: 4x135 MW GNPower Coal

1, 2, 3, 4

Jul: 30 MW Puyo HEPP

2019

Aug: 8 MW Asiga HEPP



Notes

* On-going testing and commissioning

- a. Existing Dependable Capacity factoring in planned maintenance based on NGCP GOMP 2016-2018
- b. Reserve Margin (RM) i.e. 4% regulating reserve and largest online unit for contingency reserve (CR) and dispatchable reserve (DR) requirement (105 MW to increase by 150 MW

for CR and DR in 2016)

- c. Committed Capacity Based on DOE's List of Power Projects as of 31 July 2016
- d. 17.7 % peak demand growth rate for 2016 based on the DOE's High GDP Demand Forecast. 8.0 % average peak demand rate for 2017-2020 based High GDP

Demand Forecast.



NATIONAL RENEWABLE ENERGY PROGRAM





PHILIPPINE RE LAWS



Biofuels Act of 2006

(Republic Act No. 9367)

Provides fiscal incentives and mandates the use of biofuel-blended gasoline and diesel fuels.

Renewable Energy Act of 2008

(Republic Act No. 9513)

Provides fiscal and non-fiscal incentives to private sector developers and manufacturers



THE BIOFUELS ACT OF 2006

Provides for fiscal incentives and mandate the use of biofuel-blended gasoline and diesel fuels



BIODIESEL

- 2008 consumption of 91 million liters (CME)
- 1% biodiesel blend sold in all gasoline stations
- 2% biodiesel blend by Feb. 6, 2009

BIOETHANOL

- Start of 5% by total volume mandate on Feb. 6,
 2009
- 10% bioethanol blend to all gasoline on Feb. 6,
 2012



BIOFUEL TECHNOLOGIES

BIODIESEL PRODUCTION

COCONUT, OIL PALM, RAPESEED, SUNFLOWER, SOYBEAN, ETC.

SHREDDING EXTRACTION PURIFICATION

METHANOL

VEGETABLE OIL ESTERIFICATI ON & PURIFICATION BLENDING WITH AUTOMOTIVE DIESEL, DISTRIBUTION

BIOETHANOL PRODUCTION

SUGARCANE, SUGARBEET, SWEET SORGHUM, CASSAVA ETC. SUGAR PREPARATION

FERMENTATION & PURIFICATION

ETHANOL

PURIFICATION

BLENDING WITH GASOLINE, DISTRIBUTION



BIOFUEL REQUIREMENTS

BIODIESEL

MINIMUM BLENDS:

- @ 1% (2007) = 62.10 M liters
- @ 2% (2009) = 133.68 M liters
- @ 2% (2010) = 138.70 M liters
- @ 2% (2014) = 160.70 M liters

BIODIESEL SUPPLY:

9 Accredited Producers with annual total capacity of 392 million liters

FEEDSTOCKS USED:

- Coconut oil (current)
- Jatropha (under study)

BIOETHANOL

MINIMUM BLENDS:

- @ 5% (2009) = 208.11 M liters
- @ 5% (2010) = 218.93 M liters
- @ 10% (2011) = 460.63 M liters
- @ 10% (2014) = 536.29 M liters

BIOETHANOL SUPPLY:

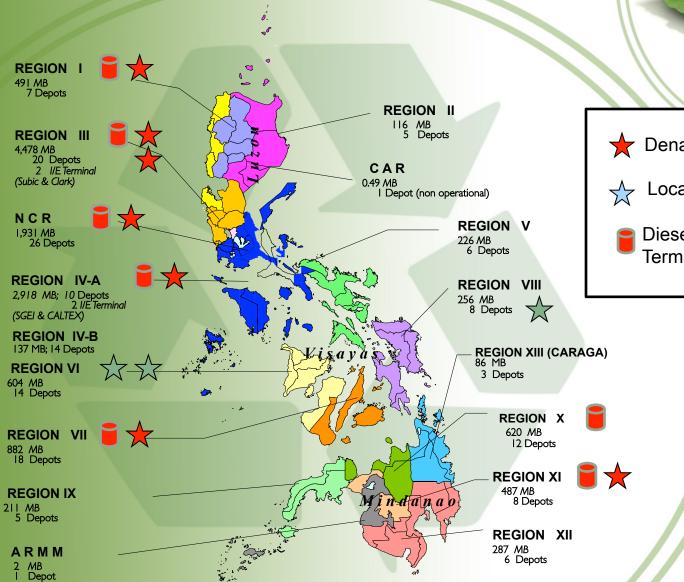
- 3 Accredited Producers with annual total capacity of about 79 million liters
- 3 production facilities to be on-stream between 2012-2013 with additional capacity of 134 million liters/year

FEEDSTOCKS USED:

- Sugar Cane, Molasses (current)
- Sweet sorghum, cassava (under study)



Ethanol Plant Landscape



★ Denaturing Sites

Local Ethanol Plant Sites

Diesel, Gasoline Import
Terminal



RENEWABLE ENERGY ACT OF 2008

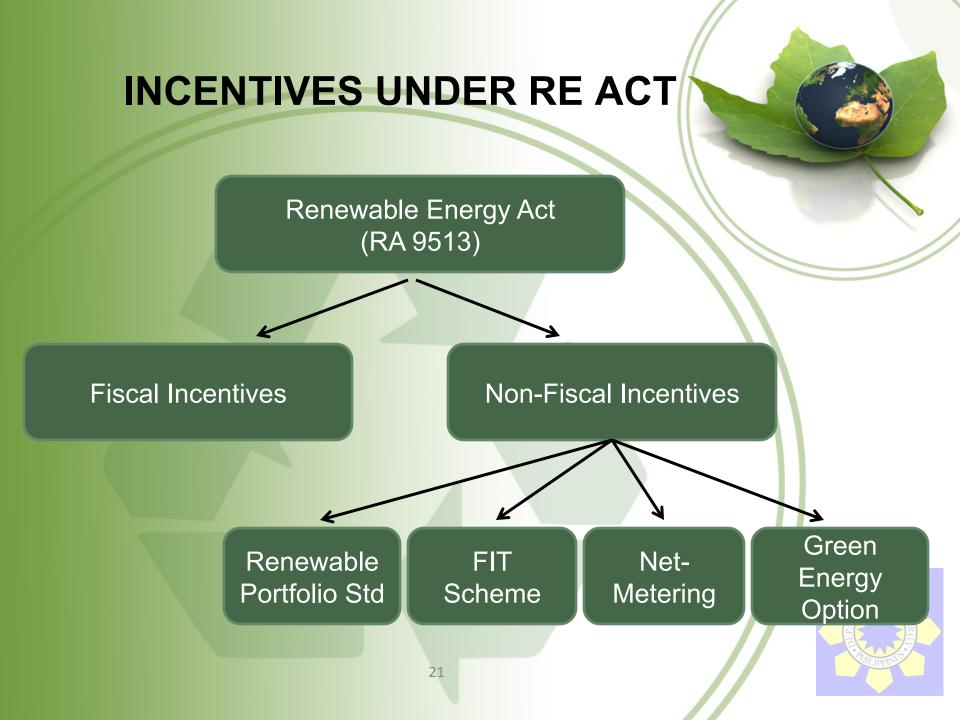
Accelerate the development of the country's renewable energy resources by providing fiscal and non-fiscal incentives to private sector investors and equipment manufacturers / suppliers.



Functions of Agencies



| NREB | DOE | ERC |
|---|--|--|
| Recommend to ERC FIT for each RE resource | Approve RE Contracts applications | Establish FIT Rules |
| Recommend and monitor National RE Program (NREP) | Establish and implement NREP | Approve FIT petition filed by NREB |
| Recommend and monitor Renewable Portfolio Standards (RPS) | Draft and implement RPS | Establish FIT- Allowance annually based on NGCP petition |
| Oversee RE Trust Fund | Establish RE Market Rules and Trust Fund | Review and adjust FIT as appropriate |



FISCAL INCENTIVES

| A. | - | |
|----|---|--|
| | | |
| | | |

| Incentives | RE Developers | Local RE Suppliers |
|---|---------------|--------------------|
| 7-Year Income Tax Holiday | Yes | Yes |
| Duty-free Importation | Yes | Yes |
| VAT-free Importation | No Tax Credit | Yes |
| Special Realty Tax Rate = 1.5 % | Yes | |
| Net Operating Loss Carryover | Yes | Yes |
| 10% Corporate Tax Rate after ITH | Yes | 11 |
| Accelerated Depreciation | Yes | Yes |
| Zero Percent VAT on RE Sales & Purchases | Yes | Yes |
| Cash Incentive = 50% of UC for Missionary Electrification | Yes | |
| Tax Exemption on Carbon Credits | Yes | EMENTO. |
| Tax Credit on Domestic Capital Equipment & Services | Yes | Yes |

NON-FISCAL INCENTIVES

| Incentives | RE Developers | Electricity Suppliers | End-users |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------|-----------|
| Renewable Portfolio Standards | Yes | | |
| Feed-In Tariff on Emerging Technologies | Yes | Yes | |
| Renewable Energy Market & Certificates | Yes (for Non-FIT) | Yes | |
| Green Energy Options | | \\ | Yes |
| Net Metering | | | Yes |
| Government waives share of proceeds on RE micro-scale Projects <= 100 kW | Yes | | |
| Exemption from Universal Charge | | | Yes |
| Tax Rebate for RE Components | Yes | | |
| Financial Assistance Program | | | Yes |
| Incentives for Host Communities | | | Yes |

INCENTIVES UNDER RE LAW Renewable Energy Law (RA 9513) **Fiscal Incentives** Non-Fiscal Incentives Green Renewable **FIT** Net-Energy Portfolio Std **Scheme** Metering Option 24

FIT and FIT-Allowance (FIT All)



"FIT refers to a renewable energy policy that offers guaranteed payments on a fixed rate per kWh for emerging renewable energy sources, excluding any generation for own use or to rate itself as established pursuant to these Rules."

"Electricity consumers who are supplied with electricity through the distribution or transmission network shall share in the costs of the FITs in part through a uniform charge (in Php/kWh) to be referred to as the FIT All and applied to all billed kWh."

(Section 2.5, 2010 ERC FIT Rules)



FEED-IN TARIFF

| Elements | Provisions under the RE Act, IRR & FIT Rules |
|--------------------|--|
| Payment | ·Guaranteed, on a fixed rate per kWh |
| Coverage | Emerging technologies- biomass, solar, run-of-river hydro, ocean and wind, excluding generation for own use. For projects which enter into commercial operations after effectivity of the FITs with certain exceptions for existing plants. On-Grid areas only |
| Mandated duration | Initial FITs- 20 years; Minimum – 12 years |
| Connection to Grid | Priority connection, purchase, transmission and payment by grid system operator NGCP to determine maximum penetration limits for intermittent REs PEMC and NGCP to implement technical mitigation & improvements to ensure reliability of transmission |
| Dispatch | Priority and must dispatch |

FIT System



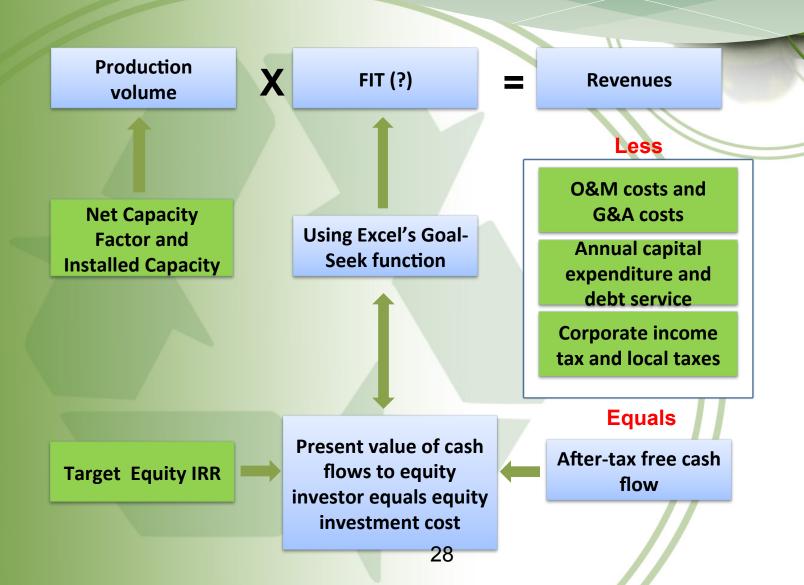
Mandated for electricity produced from emerging RE resources:

- Wind
- Solar
- Ocean
- Run-of-River Hydro
- Biomass

ERC in consultation with NREB shall formulate and promulgate FIT system rules.



How Did We Compute for the FIT?



Representative Ocean Power Project in the Philippines Key Inputs and Assumptions

| RenewaLio Dnergy Source | Ocean | Technical and EPC Assumptions | | | Debt and Equity Assumptions | |
|---|------------|--|----------|-------------|--|----------------|
| Reliewabio Lillergy Source | Ocean | · | 1.0 | | | |
| | | Unit Capacity of Plant | 1.8 | | Local/Foreign Capital Ratio: | 000/ |
| | | No. of Units | 9.0 | | Local Capital Ratio | 30% |
| Timing | 0.4 | Gross Installed Capacity (MW) | 16.2 | | Foreign Capital Ratio | 70% |
| Construction Period (Mos. from FC) | 24 | DI 44 71 77 5 4 67 | 05.00/ | | B. // | |
| Operating Period (yrs from COD) | 20 | Plant Availability Factor % | 95.2% | | Debt: | 700/ |
| Yrs from base year CPI & Forex (2009) for FIT | 4 | Guaranteed Efficiency Factor % | 100.0% | | Debt ratio | 70% |
| Yrs from base year CPI (2011) for Capex | 1 | Allowance for losses and own use | 37.0% | | Local & Foreign Upfront and other financing fees | 2.00% |
| Yrs from base year CPI (2011) for Opex | 3 | Net Capacity Factor after losses & own use % | 60.0% | | Local & Foreign Commitment Fees | 0.50% |
| | | Net Electrical Output (MWh in 1st Year) | 85,147 | | Local All-in Interest Rate excluding tax | 10.00% |
| Construction Sources and Uses of Fund | ls (\$000) | Plant Degradation (%/Year) | 0.0% | | Local Debt Payment Period (from end of grace pd) | 10 Years |
| Uses of Fund: | | | | <u>% LC</u> | Foreign All-in Interest rate excluding tax | 8.00% |
| EPC (Eqpt, bal. of plant & tranport) | \$157,982 | Equipment Cost ex BOP & transport (\$000/MW) | 7,939 | 9% | Foreign Debt Payment Period (from end of grace pd) | 10 Years |
| T-line Interconnection facility | 437 | Tranportation cost to site (% of Equipment) | 0% | 100% | Local & Foreign Grace period from COD (months) | 6 |
| Sub-station facility | 1,276 | Balance of plant (% of Equipment) | 20% | 66% | Local and Foreign Debt service reserve (months) | 6 |
| Development & other costs | 241 | T/line distance (km) | 5 | | Total Local Debt (\$000) | 163 |
| Construction contingency | 12,287 | T/line cost per km - 69kV (\$000/km) | 84 | 100% | Total Foreign Debt (\$000) | 143,139 |
| Value added tax | 16,083 | Switchyard and transformers (\$000) | 1,227 | 100% | Total Debt Amount (\$000) | \$143,302 |
| Financing costs | 15,608 | Access roads (\$000/km) | 20 | 100% | | |
| Initial working capital | 803 | Distance of access road (km) | - | | Equity: | |
| Uses of Fund | \$204,717 | Dev't. & others (land, permits, etc) (% of EPC) | 0.2% | 100% | Equity ratio | 30% |
| | | VAT on importation (70% recoverable) | 12% | 100% | Equity Investment (\$000) | \$61,415 |
| Sources of Fund: | | Initial Working capital (% of EPC) | 0.5% | 100% | Cost of Equity (Onshore Equity IRR) - Nominal | 17.0% |
| Debt | \$143,302 | Contingency (% of total cost) | 7.6% | 75% | Cost of Equity (Onshore Equity IRR) - Real | 12.5% |
| Equity | 61,415 | | | | | 1,700 |
| Sources of Fund | \$204,717 | Operating Assumptions | | | WACC pre-tax | 11.3% |
| | | Feed-in Tariff (LC / kWh) | 17.65 | | WACC after-tax | 10.1% |
| Construction Cost Metrics (USD/kW): | | Duration of FIT (years) | 20 | | | 1,014 |
| EPC cost | \$9,752 | Tariff post FIT period (LC/kWh) | 7.00 | | Tax Assumptions | |
| Plant cost excl VAT & financing | \$10,631 | FIT using Asset Base Methodology (LC/kWh) | 17.64 | | Income tax holiday (years) | 7 |
| All-in Installed Project Cost | \$12,637 | Annual CER volume (tCO2e / vr) | - | | Income tax rate % (after ITH) | 10% |
| 7 iii 117 Matailed 7 Tojeet eest | Ψ12,001 | 7 militari Oziv Volamo (188267 yr) | | | Property tax (from COD) | 1.5% |
| | | O&M Cost (\$000/Unit/yr) | 225 | | Property tax valuation rate (% of NBV) | 80% |
| Model Check: | | Spare parts, tools, & equipment (\$000/MW/yr) | | | Local Business tax | 1.0% |
| Balance Sheet | OK | O&M + Spares as a % of EPC,T/line, & Sub-stn | 1.27% | | Government share (from COD) | 1.0% |
| Foreign Debt Amorization | OK | Refurbishment Cost (% of EPC) | 0% | | ER 1-94 contribution (Php/kWh) | 0.01 |
| Local Debt Amortization | OK | Timing of Refurbishment (Year from COD) | - | | Withholding tax on interest (Foreign Currency) | 10% |
| Depreciation | OK | G&A Cost (\$000/yr) | _ | | Gross receipts tax on Interest (Local Currency) | 5% |
| Sources and Uses of Funds | OK | Fuel Cost (switch for Biomass (1 = yes; 0 = no)) | 0 | | Gross receipts tax on interest (Local Currency) | 370 |
| Debt-to-Equity Ratio | OK | Average Fuel Cost (Php/ton) | - | | Economic Assumptions | |
| Debt-to-Equity Ratio | OK | Feed rate (kWh/ton) | _ | | Base Foreign Exchange Rate (LC / USD) - 2009 | 47.8125 |
| | | Average Fuel Consumption (tons/year) | _ | | Forward Fixed Exchange Rate (2011) | 44.0000 |
| | | Average Unit Cost of Fuel (Php/kWh) | _ | | Base Local CPI - 2009 | |
| | | Average Unit Cost of Fuel (Filp/kvvII) | - | | Annual Local CPI | 160.00 4.0% |
| | | Days receivable & payable | 30 | | Annual US CPI | 2.0% |
| | | VAT recovery % 29 | 70% | | Allitual US CPT | 2.0% |
| | | | 70% 5 | | | |
| | | Timing of VAT recovery (years after COD) | 5 | | | |

Parameters and Assumptions – ERC

| Particulars | ROR Hydro | Biomass | Solar | Wind | Ocean |
|------------------------------|--------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|
| Representative Size (MW) | 6.0 | 8.3 | 10.0 | 30.0 | |
| Project Cost (US\$ per kW) | 3,195 | 2,594 | 2,437 | 2,354 | |
| EPC Cost (US\$ per kW) | 2,189 | 1,880 | 1,954 | 1,790 | |
| Net Capacity Factor (%) | 47.0 | 72.0 | 22.0 | 27.0 | |
| O&M Cost (US\$000/unit/year) | 400 | 1,115 | 530 | 100 | |
| Fuel Cost (Php per ton) | N.A. | 1,297 | N.A. | N.A. | |
| Feed Rate (kWh / ton) | N.A. | 700 | N.A. | N.A. | |
| Equity IRR (%) | 16.44 | 17.0 | 16.44 | 16.44 | |
| After-Tax WACC (%) | 10.44 | 10.44 | 9.99 | 10.08 | |
| Approved FIT (Php per kWh) | 5.90 | 6.63 | 9.68 | 8.53 | |

Initial Feed-in Tariffs in Php/kWh

| Technology | Proposed by RE Developers | | | DOE | NREB Approved (DOE) | ERC Approved |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| recimology | Oct. 2010 | Nov. 2010 | April 2011 | April 2011 | May 2011 | 2012/2015 |
| Biomass ^{1/} | 11.48 | 9.94 | 8.22 | 6.09 | 7.00 | 6.63 |
| Run-of-River Hydro ^{2/} | 7.44 | 7.40 | 6.56 | 5.64 | 6.15 | 5.90 |
| Solar ^{3/} | 23.81 | 20.55 | 19.11 | 9.50 | 17.95 | 9.68/8.69 |
| Wind | 11.92 | 11.85 | 11.29 | 8 | 10.37 | 8.53/7.40 |
| Ocean | 18.52 | 18.52 | 18.52 | | 17.65 | Deferred |

^{1/} For a solid biomass project

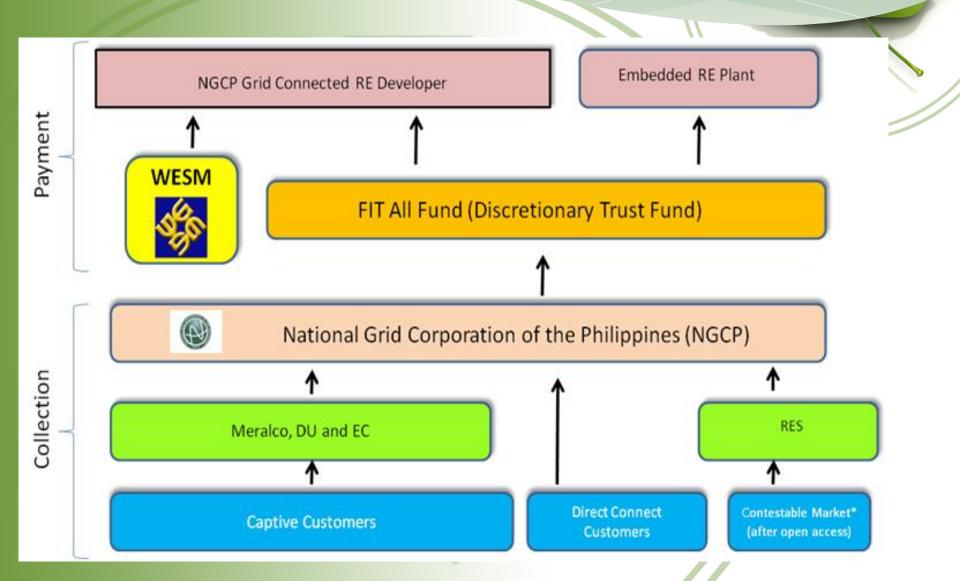
²/ For a project with capacity between 1MW and 10MW

^{3/} For a ground-mounted project with more than 500kW capacity

INSTALLATION TARGETS in MW

| | | ed by RE lopers | | NREB | DOE Certification to ERC | |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------------|-----|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Technology | June 2010 | November 2010 | DOE | Approved (April 2011) | | |
| Biomass | 357 | 416 | 233 | 250 | 250 | |
| Run-of-River Hydro | 131 | 131 | 170 | 250 | 250 | |
| Solar | 235 | 542 | 20 | 100 | 50/500 | |
| Wind | 710 | 710 | 220 | 220 | 200/400 | |
| Ocean | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | |
| TOTAL | 1,443 | 1,809 | 653 | 830 | 760 | |

Overview of Collection and Payment



FEED-IN TARIFF MONITORING BOARD (as of June 2016)

| RESOURCE | FOR NOMINATION / CONVERSION | | WITH CERTIFICATE OF CONFIRMATION OF COMMERCIALITY | | WITH CERT ENDORSEM | IFICATE OF ENT TO ERC |
|----------|-----------------------------|------------------|---|---------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| | NO. OF PROJECTS | CAPACITY (MW) | NO. OF PROJECTS | CAPACITY (MW) | NO. OF PROJECTS | CAPACITY (MW) |
| HYDRO | | - | 86 | 732.12 | 4 | 26.60 |
| WIND | 7 | 1,023.55 | 11 | 715.30 | 6 | 393.90 |
| SOLAR | 15 | 565.18 | 47 | 1,227.73 | 20 | 525.95 |
| BIOMASS | | | 18 | 147.40 | 12 | 97.05 |
| TOTAL | 22 | 1,588.73 | 162 | 2,822.543 | 42 | 1,043.50 |

IMPLEMENTATION OF RE LAWS



Developments and Updates



NREP TARGETS



RE-based On-Grid Capacity Installation Targets

| Sector | Installed Capacity, MW as of 2010 | Target Capacity Addition by | | | | Total Capacity Addition, MW | Total Installed Capacity by |
|------------|---|-----------------------------|---------|---------|------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | 2015 | 2020 | 2025 | 2030 | 2011-2030 | 2030 |
| Geothermal | 1,972.0 | 220.0 | 1,100.0 | 95.0 | 80.0 | 1,495.0 | 3,467.0 |
| Hydro | 3,333.0 | 343.3 | 3,161.0 | 1,891.8 | 0.0 | 5,396.1 | 8,729.1 |
| Biomass | 30.0 | 276.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2767 | 306.7 |
| Wind | 33.0 | 1,048.0 | 855.0 | 442.0 | 0.0 | 2,345.0 | 2,378.0 |
| Solar | 1.0 | 269.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 284.09 | 285.0 |
| Ocean | 0.0 | 0.0 | 35.5 | 35.0 | 0.0 | 705.0 | 70.5 |
| Total | 5,369.0 | 2,157.0 | 5,156.5 | 2,4688 | 85.0 | 9,855.4 | 15,236.3 |

Based on existing RE Service/Operating Contracts awarded and being evaluated by the DOE. The aspirational target of 1,528 MW solar power capacity will still be pursued.



NATIONAL RENEWABLE ENERGY PROGRAM



NATIONAL RENEWABLE ENERGY BOARD



CREATION OF NREB

Renewable Energy Act of 2008

Sec. 27. Creation of the National Renewable Energy Board (NREB)

The NREB is hereby created...

...It shall be composed of:

- A Chairman
- One (1) representative each from the following agencies: DOE, DTI, DOF, DENR, NPC, TRANSCO or its successor-in-interest, PNOC and PEMC who shall be designated by their respective secretaries on a permanent basis; and

COMPOSITION OF NREB

Sec. 27. (Continued)

me representative each from the following sectors:

RE Developers, Government Financing Institutions (GFIs), private distribution utilities, electric cooperatives, electricity suppliers and non-governmental organization, duly endorsed by their respective industry associations and all to be appointed by the President of the Republic of the Philippines.

COMPOSITION OF NREB

Breakdown of the NREB Membership:

Government: Eight (8)

Private: Seven (7)*

TOTAL Fifteen (15)

Notes:

- Government representatives include GFI
- Private representatives include NGCP & the Chairman

^{*} To be appointed by the President

NREB PRIMARY ROLE

Under Section 27 of the Republic Act No. 9513 (Renewable Energy Act of 2008), NREB is primarily the policy recommendatory and monitoring body for the implementation of the RE Act of 2008.

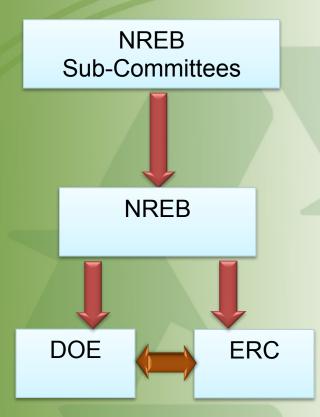
POWERS AND FUNCTIONS

- Evaluate and recommend to the DOE the mandated RPS and minimum RE generation capacities in off-grid areas, as it deems appropriate.
- Recommend specific actions to facilitate the implementation of the National Renewable Energy Program (NREP) to be executed by the DOE and other appropriate agencies of government, and to ensure that there shall be no overlapping and redundant functions within the national government departments and agencies concerned.
- Monitor and review the implementation of the NREP, including compliance with the RPS and minimum RE generation capacities in off-grid areas.

POWERS AND FUNCTIONS

- 4. Oversee and monitor the utilization of the Renewable Energy Trust Fund created pursuant to Section 28 of this Act and administered by the DOE;
- Cause the establishment of a one-stop facilitation scheme to accelerate implementation of RE projects; and
- 6. Perform such other functions, as may be necessary to attain the objectives of the RE Act.

WORK FLOW OF RE POLICY INSTRUMENTS



- Collation of information on RE resources in the Philippines.
- 2. Technical working groups per function, i.e., RPS, FiT, Net Metering, Green Option, RETF)
- 3. Conduct of informal discussions and consultations with stakeholders on policy issues per RE resource and per regional grid.
- Formulation of proposed policy instruments.
- Deliberation and approval of RE policy instruments at the Board level.
- 6. Endorsement of proposed policy instruments to DOE.

- 7. Review and approval.
- 8. Promulgation and implementation.
- 9. Endorsement of approved polices to ERC, as appropriate, e.g., FiT, Net-Metering Standards.
- 10. Review and approval.
- 11. Conduct of consultative public hearings.
- 12. Promulgation, e.g. FiT, Net-Metering Standards

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NREB ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

NATIONAL RENEWABLE ENERGY BOARD

CHAIRMAN

VICE - CHAIRMAN

VOTING MEMBERS

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY (DOE)

PHILIPPINE NATIONAL OIL COMPANY (PNOC)

NATIONAL POWER CORPORATION (NPC)

NATIONAL GRID CORPORATION OF THE PHILIPPINES/

NATIONAL TRANSMISSION CORPORATION (NGCP/

TRANSCO)

PHILIPPINE ELECTRICITY MARKET CORPORATION (PEMC)

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND INDUSTRY (DTI)

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE (DOF)

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL

RESOURCES (DENR)

RENEWABLE ENERGY DEVELOPER

GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL INSTITUTION (GFI)

NON-GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATION (NGO)

PRIVATE DISTRIBUTION UTILITIES

NON VOTING MEMBERS/ OBSERVERS

ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION (ERC)
NATIONAL ELECTRIFICATION ADMINISTRATION

(NEA)

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE (DA)
DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

(DOST)

NATIONAL COMMISSION ON INDIGENOUS PEOPLE (NCIP)

NREB COMMITTEES, SUB-COMMITTEES AND TWGS

NATIONAL RENEWABLE ENERGY BOARD

National Renewable Energy Plan Committee Finance & Planning Committee

Technical Committee

Market Transformation & Promotion Committee

RE Trust Fund Subcommittee

One-Stop-Shop Subcommittee

RE Hosts Incentive Subcommittee

Planning & Budget Subcommittee

FIT Subcommittee

RPS Subcommittee

GEOP Subcommittee

TDD Subcommittee

REM Subcommittee

Net-Metering Subcommittee **FIT TWG**

REPATWG

RPS TWG

Grid Impact TWG

IMPLEMENTATION OF RE LAW



WHAT ARE NEXT STEPS IN 2016-2022?



RENEWABLE PORTFOLIO STANDARDS

| Elements | Provisions under the RE Act & IRR |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Purpose | To contribute to the growth of the RE industry by diversifying energy supply To help address environmental concerns by reducing GHG emissions |
| Coverage | Electric power industry participants such as generators, distribution utilities, or suppliers serving On-Grid areas on a per grid basis |
| Types of RE Resources | Eligible RE resources, not limited to emerging technologies To be identified under the RPS Rules |
| Annual Minimum Incremental % | No less than one percent (1%) of annual energy demand of the mandated electricity industry participant |
| RPS Rules | DOE to formulate and promulgate upon recommendation of NREB |
| Yearly minimum RPS requirement | To be set by NREB in accordance with the RPS Rules |

GREEN ENERGY OPTION

| Elements | Provisions under the RE Act & IRR |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Definition | A mechanism which shall provide end-users the option to choose RE Resources as their source of energy |
| Regulatory Framework | DOE in consultation with NREB to establish the IRR ERC to issue the regulatory framework |
| Mandated Parties | The TRANSCO or its successor-in-interest, DUs, PEMC and all relevant parties mandated to provide the mechanisms for the physical connection and commercial arrangements |
| Information to End-Users | End-user to be informed by way of its monthly electric bill how much of the monthly energy consumption and generation charge is provided by RE Facilities. |

NET METERING

| Elements | Provisions under the RE Act & IRR |
|-------------------------|---|
| Purpose | To encourage end-users to participate in RE generation |
| Definition | Consumer-based RE incentive wherein power generated by an end-user delivered to the local distribution grid may be used to offset electric energy provided by the DU to the said end-user. |
| Mandate | Upon request by the end-user, the DUs shall without discrimination enter into Net-Metering arrangements with qualified end-users |
| Qualified End- Users | Entities that generate electric power from an eligible on-site RE generating facility, such as but not limited to house or office building with PV system that can be connected to the Grid |
| RE Certificates | DU shall be entitled to any RE Certificate resulting from Net Metering arrangements |

NET METERING CUSTOMERS



| DISTRIBUTION UTILITIES | NO. OF CUSTOMERS | Capacity (kWp) |
|------------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| MERALCO | 637 | 3823.34 |
| VECO | 26 | 155.62 |
| CEBECO III | 1 | 3.00 |
| CEBECO I | 5 | 84.00 |
| DLPC | 9 | 81.20 |
| AEC | 3 | 25.46 |
| BATELEC I | 1 | 10.00 |
| PELCO II | 3 | 24.50 |
| LEYECO V | 2 | 6.00 |
| Total | 687 | 4213.12 |



RENEWABLE ENERGY MARKET

| Elements | Provisions under the RE Act & IRR |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Purpose | To expedite compliance with the establishment of the RPS |
| Market | REM shall be a Sub-market of the WESM, where the REC trading may be made |
| Framework | DOE to establish framework that will govern REM operation and direct PEMC to implement |
| REM Rules | PEMC to implement changes to the WESM Rules to incorporate the rules specific to REM |
| Renewable Energy Registrar | PEMC shall issue, keep and verify RE Certificates |
| RE Certificates | Will be used in compliance with the RPS |

OFF-GRID DEVELOPMENT

| Elements | Provisions under the RE Act & IRR |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Purpose | To encourage RE deployment in Off-Grid Areas |
| Mandated Entities | NPC-SPUG, DUs, and/or qualified third parties in Off-Grid areas in pursuance of mandate to provide missionary electrification |
| Obligation of Mandated Entities | To source a minimum % of their total annual generation from available RE Resources in the area concerned |
| Guidelines | DOE to determine minimum percentage upon recommendation of NREB |
| RE Certificates | Eligible RE generation in Off-Grid and missionary areas shall be entitled to RECs |

NATIONAL RENEWABLE ENERGY PROGRAM TARGETS, 2011-2030



| Sector | Short Term | Medium Term | Long Term | Total |
|-------------|---|--|-------------------------------|------------|
| | 2011-2015 | 2016-2020 | 2021-2030 | |
| Geothermal | 220 MW | 1,100 MW | 175 MW | 1,495 MW |
| Hydropower | 341.3 MW | 3,161 MW | 1,891.8 MW | 5,394.1 MW |
| Biomass | 276.7 MW | 0 | 0 | 276.7 MW |
| Biofuels | •DC on E10 in 2011 •Mandatory E10 to all Gasoline by 2012 •PNS for B5 by 2014 •DC on B5 by 2015 •Mandatory B5 to all Diesel by 2015 | •PNS for B20 & E85 by 2020 •DC on B10 and E20 by 2020 | •DC on B20 and E85 by 2025 | |
| Wind | 200 MW | 700 MW | 1,445 MW | 2,345 MW |
| Solar | 50 MW | 100 MW | 200 MW | 350 MW |
| Ocean Power | 0 | 35.5 | 35 | 70.5 |
| Total | 1,088 MW | 5,096.5 MW | 3,746.80 MW | 9,931.3 MW |

Note: RE Targets under review of NREB to reflect developments on RE sector and the DOE**54**ssuances of new Installation targets

NREB 2017 KEY TARGETS

| Subject Matter | Target Completion Date |
|---|--|
| Update of National Renewable Energy Program | Public Consultation: September 2017 Launching: December 2017 |
| RPS (On Grid) Rules | Finalize Draft Rules: June 2017 Public Consultation: End of June 2017 Endorse Final Draft to DOE: July 2017 |
| RPS (Off Grid) Rules | Finalize Draft Rules: June 2017 Public Consultation: End of June 2017 Endorse Final Draft to DOE: July 2017 |
| RE Market Rules | Finalize Draft Rules: July 15, 2017 Public Consultation: End of July 2017 Endorse Final Draft to DOE: End of August 2017 |
| Green Energy Option Rules | Finalize Draft Rules: June 9, 2017 Endorse Final Draft to DOE: June 16, 2017 |
| RE Trust Fund Rules | Finalize Draft Rules: June 9, 2017 Endorse Final Draft to DOE: June 16, 2017 |
| Review of Net Metering Rules | Conduct Committee Meetings: June-August 2017 |
| Transmission and Distribution Program and ERC Matters | Conduct Committee Meetings: June-September 2017 |
| One-Stop Shop Rules and Legislative Agenda | Conduct Committee Meetings: June-September 2017 |
| DOF-BIR Matters | Finalize Draft Rules: August 2017 |

APPLYING RULES ON RE PROJECT DEVELOPMENT

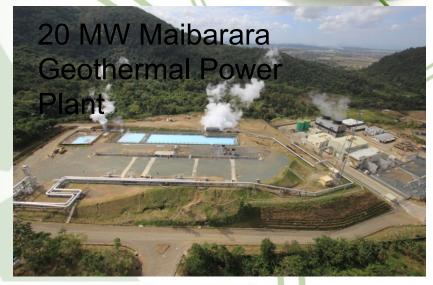
RE PROJECTS COMPLETED



COMPLETED PROJECTS



12 MW (Phase 1) San
Jose City I Power
Corporation



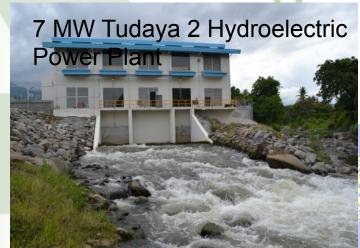




COMPLETED PROJECTS







SUMMARY RENEWABLE ENERGY PROJECTS UNDER RE LAW (as of Feb. 2017)

| | | | | | | The second secon |
|--------------|------------------|---------|------------------------|---------|------------------------|--|
| RESOURCES | AWARDED PROJECTS | | POTENTIAL CAPACITY MW | | INSTALLED CAPACITY MW | |
| | Grid-Use | Own-Use | Grid-Use | Own-Use | Grid-Use | Own-Use |
| Hydro Power | 432 | • | 10,796.17 | | 858.15 | - |
| Ocean Energy | 7 | - | 26.00 | - | - | - |
| Geothermal | 43 | - | 684.00 | - | 1,906.19 | - |
| Wind | 63 | 1 | 1,038.95 | - | 426.90 | 0.006 |
| Solar | 174 | 16 | 4,077.22 | 4.286 | 900.18 | 3.218 |
| Biomass | 47 | 22 | 312.38 | 13.77 | 343.57 | 119.86 |
| Sub-Total | 766 | 39 | 16,934.72 | 18.056 | 4,434.99 | 123.08 |
| TOTAL | 805 | | 16,952.78 | | 4,558.07 | |

PENDING APPLICATIONS UNDER RE LAW

| RESOURCES | PENDING APPLICATIONS | | POTENTIAL CAPACITY MW | | INSTALLED CAPACITY MW | |
|--------------|----------------------|---------|------------------------|---------|------------------------|---------|
| | Grid-Use | Own-Use | Grid-Use | Own-Use | Grid-Use | Own-Use |
| Hydro Power | 92 | - | 1,961.96 | | | |
| Ocean Energy | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Geothermal | 3 | - | 60.00 | - | - | - |
| Wind | 26 | - | 260.00 | - | - | |
| Solar | 228 | - | 2,130.80 | | - | - |
| Biomass | 8 | 2 | 43.00 | 9.90 | - | - |
| Sub-Total | 357 | 2 | 4,455.76 | 9.90 | • | - |
| TOTAL | 359 | | 4,465.66 | | 0.00 | |



MAJOR MILESTONES

- **DAR-DA:** Land Conversion and Approvals
- **DOE:** RE Contract Application, Endorsements to ERC
- NGCP: Grid Impact Study, Upgrade of Transmission
- ERC: COCs, Point-to-Point Applications, FIT-All Adjustment, Power Supply Agreement Approvals, Ancillary Charges and Transmission Costs, Approval of NGCP Transmission Upgrades
- **PEMC:** Market Participant Registration
- **DENR:** Environmental Compliance Certificate
- **NWRB:** Water permits
- BIR: Revenue Regulations for RE Law; VAT refund
- LGUs: Barangay, Municipality, City, Province endorsements
- JCPC: 15% requirement in EPIRA; Zero-VAT for RE sales and services
- NREB: RPS, GEO, RE Market, Net Metering Amendment, Extension of FIT deadline for undersubscribed hydro and biomass

RENEWABLE ENERGY ROADMAP

Short-Term (2017-2018)

Medium-Term (2019-2022)

Long-Term (2023-2040)

ACCELERATION
OF RE
POSITIONING

- Review and update 2011-2030 NREP
- Monitor and assess RESCs awarded for the conversion of indicative projects to committed
- Finalize rules and implement RPS and REM
- Finalize rules and implement Green Energy Option
- Conduct detailed RE technology and resource assessment
- Review other RE policy mechanisms

- Intensify development in off-grid areas for wider populace access to energy
- Determine realistic RE potential
- Update the NREP 2017 – 2040

- Continue and accelerate implementation of RE projects
- Conduct regular updating of RE resource database

CREATION
OF CONDUCIVE
BUSINESS
ENVIRONMENT

RELIABLE AND EFFICIENT INFRASTRUCTURE

- Streamline administrative processes of RESC applications
- To work on DOE energy projects to be declared as projects of national significance
- · Enhance EVOSS for RE projects
- Provide technical assistance to lower investment cost
- Promote and incentivize local technology producers
- Establish RE Information Exchange
- Explore and initiate on the harmonization of LGU and national government related programs and policy
- Strengthen resiliency of RE systems and facilities
- · Harmonize transmission Development Plan with RE targets
- Develop geographical installation target
- Enhance local technical capabilities
- Conduct R&D on the efficiency of RE technologies on the Smart Grid System

RENEWABLE ENERGY ROADMAP

Short-Term (2017-2018)

Medium-Term (2019-2022)

Long-Term (2023-2040)

PROMOTE AND ENHANCE RD&D AGENDA

- · Strengthen the management and operation of ARECS
- · Continue conduct of RE technology research and development studies
- Identify viability of new technologies
- Construct Ocean pilot/demo Energy projects
- Implement, monitor and evaluate pilot/demo projects for new RE technologies

OTHER ACTIVITIES

- Identify parameters to determine the viable Ocean Energy tariff rate
- Continue technical capacity building on RE
- Conduct research and promote low-enthalpy geothermal areas for power generation and direct use/non-power application for development
- Harmonize the DOE related programs with agro-forestry policies for an integrated use of biomass
- Continue the conduct of IEC to attain social acceptability

BIOFUELS ROADMAP

Short-Term (2017-2019)

Medium to Long Term (2020-2040)

BIODIESEL

BIOETHANOL

Maintain 2% biodiesel blending on diesel

B2

E10

Review the bioethanol mandate

- Revisit blending requirement and available feedstock
- Continuous conduct of research and development on feedstock sources

Bright Archipelago: NREB Roadmap for Renewable Energy in the Philippines



ATTY. JOSE M. LAYUG, JR.

Chairman

National Renewable

Energy Board



